Good Taste
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Representations of food

An exhibition organized by members of the Fellowship program at The Toledo Museum of Art

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SCHOOL OF DESIGN LOBBY
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INTRODUCTION

Throughout history, artists have chosen from but a small number of universal themes. We find that among them, the subject of food is one which has been treated continually. The basic life processes of gathering, preparing, and consuming food are mirrored and transformed in art. As one of life's basic necessities and greatest pleasures, food serves as a visual metaphor for life and creation. The present exhibition, which does not presume to be comprehensive, is a selective gathering of artists' representation of food, in various media, from ancient to contemporary cultures.

As early as Middle Kingdom Egypt, representations of food appear as a central motif on offering tables and tomb murals. Carved in low relief and often painted, these simple still lifes, once sanctified by the priests, helped to assure the sustenance of the soul in the world beyond (Nos. 2, 3). The depiction of the use of bread and wine in Egyptian ritual reappears in a symbolic context in religious iconography of the Old and New Testament. Scenes such as the Hospitality of Abraham, the Israelites Gathering Manna in the Desert, the Supper at Emmaus, Belshazzar's Feast, and the Last Supper are only a few of the important examples of such imagery.

However, food has not always been considered in such mystical terms. Attempting to appeal to the sensibility of the middle class patron, the Dutch seventeenth century painters focused on the rich sensuality of form, color and texture. This approach crystallized in the still lifes of van Beyeren (No. 4), Claesz and
de Heem, fine examples of which are in The Toledo Museum of Art. Yet some representations of the still life retain symbolism. Witness the inclusion of bees, beetles, ants, and butterflies in the apparently lush Still Life with Lobster by de Heem. These subtle details, which signal the decay of the fruit, further suggest the transitory nature of life—vanitas. At this time, we find not only the emergence of the still life, but also an interest in the related scenes of eating, as found in van Ostade's The Breakfast, and allegorical depictions centered on the subject of food, such as Saenredam's Autumn, (Nos. 20, 23).

The painters of the eighteenth century built upon the rich still life tradition established by the Dutch. The popularity and importance of this genre is manifest in the numerous still lifes of French painters such as Chardin, Oudry, and their contemporary Vallayer-Coster. In colonial America too, the aesthetic of the still life gained importance through the work of the brothers Peale. In the Raphaelle Peale Still Life in the collection of The Toledo Museum of Art, the superb simplicity of the arrangement of the objects lends special significance to the commonplace.

The austerity of these still lifes does not necessarily reflect the gastronomic habits of the times. Indeed, in France, by the eighteenth century, the cuisine française had perfected its culinary delights and cooking had become an art in its own right. The visual appeal of the repast was extended by the serving pieces, many of which were decorated with representations of food and related motifs (Nos. 11, 26, 28). On another level, food became a vehicle for social comment as evidenced by the satirical genre of Daumier's Un Banquet d'Hippophages (No. 8) and in the more incisive statement about excess in the John Bull pitcher (No. 16).

Aesthetic principles rather than social commentary were the concern which would dominate the latter half of the nineteenth century. In the painting of uncomplicated still life objects, artists could more easily concentrate on the definition of formal problems. The monumental importance which Cezanne gave to the still life was to influence subsequent generations of painters, most notably the Cubists. Furthermore, still life elements appear in the cerebral landscapes of the Surrealists; here, food placed in an anomalous context assumes mythic proportions.

The contemporary artist turns instead to images drawn from the environment of a popular culture. Johns' ale can is heir to Cezanne's apple in the iconography of food (No. 13).

While for Johns the painterly manipulation of the object by the artist remains of central concern, the impersonal technique of the Pop artist places the emphasis on the object itself. In a mass media culture, food and its packages play the role of new social icon. The lettrism of Indiana is a logical extension of the emblematic nature of the Pop object (No. 12). Yet contemporary depiction of food is not without its sensual aspects. The Pears of Peter Dechar and Jim Dine's Vegetables give new expression to the qualities of form, texture, and color, elements of primal concern to the seventeenth century painter (Nos. 9, 10). The contemporary artists' use of food imagery reflects an interest which has been sustained by artists for nearly four thousand years.
CATALOGUE

1. Anonymous (Byzantine)
   THE OLD TESTAMENT TRINITY, c. 1000 A.D.
   tempera on panel, tondo 6 5/8" diameter
   Gift of E. D. Libbey, A.C. No. 48.73

2. Anonymous (Egyptian)
   STELA OF SISENBU, c. 1991-1600 B.C.
   polychromed limestone, 21 1/2" x 12 1/4"
   Gift of E. D. Libbey, Acc. No. 06.23

3. Anonymous (Egyptian)
   TABLE OF OFFERINGS OF SENWOSRET,
   c. 2466 B.C.
   limestone, 18 1/2" x 14 1/3" x 3"
   Gift of E. D. Libbey, Acc. No. 25.526

4. van Beyeren, Abraham (Dutch)
   STILL LIFE WITH WINE GLASS, 17 century
   oil on panel, 14 1/4" x 13 1/4"
   Gift of E. D. Libbey, Acc. No. 50.247

5. Currier and Ives (American)
   FRUIT AND FLOWER PIECE, 1863
   lithograph, 11" x 15 1/2"
   Courtesy: Van Straaten Gallery, Chicago

6. Dali, Salvadore (Spanish)
   LES DINERS DE GALA, 1973
   Illustrated book
   Felicie Inc., Publisher
   Courtesy: Felicie Inc., New York City

7. Daumier, Honore (French)
   L'AMATEUR DE MELLONS, 1846
   lithograph, 10 1/4" x 9 1/4"
   Given in Memory of G. V. D. Hutton,
   Acc. No. 66.140

8. Daumier, Honore (French)
   UN BANQUET D'HIPPOPHANGES, 1865
   lithograph, 8 7/8" x 9"
   Acc. No. 12.1139

9. Dechar, Peter (American)
   PEAR, 1968
   oil on canvas, 36" x 52"
   Courtesy: Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp.

10. Dine, Jim (American)
    VEGETABLES, 1969
    lithograph and collage, 16 1/2" x 18 15/16"
    Courtesy: Gertrude Kasle Gallery, Detroit

11. Harker Taylor Company (American)
    HOUND HANDLED JUG, c. 1847-1851
    earthenware, 10 1/4" high
    Gift of Mrs. H. Duckworth, Acct. No. 70.406

12. Indiana, Robert (American)
    USA 66 from DECADE, 1964
    serigraph, 32" x 39"
    Courtesy: Gertrude Kasle Gallery, Detroit

13. Johns, Jasper (American)
    DECOY, 1971
    lithograph, 41" x 29"
    Courtesy: Gertrude Kasle Gallery, Detroit
14. Lichtenstein, Roy (American)
   SODA AND SANDWICH, 1962
   serigraph on plexiblass, 20" x 24"
   Courtesy: J. L. Hudson Gallery, Detroit

15. Meissen (German)
   BACCHUS FIGURE GROUP, 1858-1864
   polychrome porcelain, h. 11 1/8"
   Gift of F. S. Libbey, Acc. No. 534.700

16. Newcastle-on-Tyne (English)
   PITCHER, JOHN BULL AS A GLUTTON, c. 1810
   earthenware, 7" high
   Gift of Mrs. H. Duckworth, Acc. No. 70,241

17. Oldenburg, Claes (American)
   BAKED POTATO STUDIES, 1971
   lithograph, 15" x 18"
   Courtesy: Gertrude Kasle Gallery, Detroit

18. Oldenburg, Claes (American)
   PIECE OF WEDDING CAKE, 1966
   plaster

19. Oldenburg, Claes (American)
   STORE DAYS, 1967
   illustrated book
   Something Else Press, Inc.
   Courtesy: Peter Frank, New York City

20. van Ostade, Adriaen (Dutch)
    THE BREAKFAST, 1664
    etching, 7 7/8" x 10 1/16"
    Gift of C. B. Spitzer, Acc. No. 29.46

21. Rosenquist, James (American)
    COLD SPAGHETTI POSTCARD, 1968
    lithograph, 22" x 26 3/4"
    Courtesy: Gertrude Kasle Gallery, Detroit

22. Ruscha, Edward (American)
    CRACKERS, 1970
    illustrated book
    Wittenborn Press
    Courtesy: Peter Frank, New York City
23. Saenredam, Jan (Dutch)
AUTUMN (From THE FOUR SEASONS), 1601
engraving, 8 7/8" x 6 5/6"
Acc. No. 64.38

24. Spoerri, Daniel (French)
ANECDOTED TOPOGRAPHY OF CHANCE, 1970
illustrated book
Something Else Press, Inc.
Courtesy: Peter Frank, New York City

25. Spoerri, Daniel (French)
THE MYTHOLOGICAL TRAVELS..., 1970
illustrated book
Something Else Press, Inc.
Courtesy: Peter Frank, New York City

26. Staffordshire (English)
CREAMER IN THE FORM OF A PINEAPPLE,
c. 1750
earthenware, 3 3/4" high
Gift of Mrs. H. Duckworth, Acc. No. 70.298

27. Staffordshire (English)
PITCHER, c. 1800
earthenware, 5 1/4" high
Gift of Mrs. H. Duckworth, Acc. No. 70.169

28. Staffordshire (English)
PLATE from TEA SERVICE, c. 1810-1820
New Hall soft paste porcelain
Gift of Mrs. H. Duckworth,
Acc. Nos. 70.346-384

29. Striewski, Ted (American)
EGGScape, 1970
mixed media, 19" x 24"
Courtesy: J. L. Hudson Gallery, Detroit

30. Thiebaud, Wayne (American)
BIG SUCKERS, 1971
aquatint, 22" x 24"
Courtesy: J. L. Hudson Gallery, Detroit

31. Vasulka, Woody and Steina (American)
GOLDEN VOYAGE, 1973
color videotape, duration: 28 minutes
Courtesy: the Artists

32. Warhol, Andy (American)
CHICKEN DUMPLING SOUP, 1965
lithograph, 35" x 23"
Courtesy: J. L. Hudson Gallery, Detroit

33. Yamura-Toyomari (Japanese)
HORNED ORANGES, 20 century
wood block, 9 1/2" x 14"
Gift of H. D. Bennett, Acc. No. 39.295

Fredenthal, Michael (American)
ANOTHER WORM IN THE BIG APPLE, 1972
silver and mixed media, 5" high
Courtesy: the Artist
Members of the Fellowship Program 1973-74
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